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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/728,977	12/08/2003	Belford T. Coursey	MI22-2459	2810

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WELLS ST. JOHN P.S.  
601 W. FIRST AVENUE, SUITE 1300  
SPOKANE, WA 99201

EXAMINER
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FENTY, JESSE A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2815

DATE MAILED: 03/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/728,977

Applicant(s)

COURSEY, BELFORD T.

Examiner

Jesse A. Fenty

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 December 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 38-44 and 48-53 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 38-44 and 48-53 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/03, 07/04, 12/04.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 38, 42, 48, 51, 54 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kwok et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,770,499).

In re claims 38 and 42, Kwok (esp. Figs. 3-20) discloses a semiconductor device, comprising:

a semiconductor substrate (102);

word lines (104) received over the semiconductor substrate;

digit lines (116) received over the word lines;

an insulative layer (170) received over the word lines, the digit lines, and the substrate, the insulative layer having at least one well formed therein, the well comprising a base received over the word lines and the digit lines, the well peripherally defining an outline of a memory array area, an area peripheral to the well comprising memory peripheral circuitry area (182), the well having a substantially planar base;

a plurality of memory cell storage capacitors received within the one well, the memory cell storage capacitors respectively comprising a storage node container which is received partially within the insulative layer through the well base over the word lines; and

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peripheral circuitry within the peripheral circuitry area (column 6, lines 1-5). The limitation, “operatively configured ... array” is a recitation of the intended use of the claimed device.

Terms that simply set forth the intended use, a property inherent in or a function, do not differentiate the claimed composition of these elements from those known to prior art.

In re claims 48 and 51, Kwok discloses the devices of claims 38 and 42 respectively, wherein the insulative layer (170) comprises silicon dioxide and the a layer (120) comprising silicon nitride is received on the well base.

In re claims 54 and 55, Kwok discloses the devices of claims 38 and 42 respectively, wherein one of the storage node electrodes is spaced laterally inward of the outline peripherally defined by the well thereby forming a space between said one electrode and said outline.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 39-41, 43, 44, 49, 50, 52 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kwok as applied to claim 38 above, and further in view of Tu (U.S. Patent No. 6,200,898 B1).

In re claims 39 and 43, Kwok discloses the device of claims 38 and 42 respectively, but does not expressly disclose the height of the storage node electrode being elevationally proximate the substantially planar outermost surface of the insulative layer. Tu (esp. Figs. 4, 7-

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9) discloses a well region within an upper insulating layer (14) wherein the storage node electrode (18) is elevationally proximate the substantially planar insulating layer. It would have been obvious for one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to use the capacitor structure as disclosed by Tu for the device of Kwok for the purpose, for example, of raising the height of the capacitor to produce a top level topography for the upper electrode more in line with the external circuitry (Tu; column 6, lines 5-8).

In re claims 40 and 44, Kwok discloses the devices of claims 38 and 42 respectively, wherein the insulative layer is formed to have a substantially planar outermost surface, but does not expressly disclose the storage node electrodes having topmost surfaces elevationally above the substantially planar outermost surface of the insulative layer by less than 50 angstroms. Tu (Fig. 4) discloses a similar tortuous surface area storage node device to that of Kwon wherein the storage node layer (18) rises above the insulating layer (14). Upon removal of this layer, Tu does not expressly disclose that the layer (18) is entirely swept clean from the surface of the insulating layer (14). Based on the knowledge of those skilled in the art, unless explicitly disclosed in the reference, one would expect that the removal of the layer (18) would leave behind a small residual layer on the order of five angstroms or less. Such a layer is an inherent by-product of the nature of semiconductor technology and would meet the limitation of the claim.

In re claim 41, Kwok discloses the device of claim 38, but does not expressly disclose the well base having a lowest point which is received at least 1000 angstroms above outermost tops of the digit lines. Tu disclose digit lines (9) at a distance greater than 8000 angstroms from the base well layer (Tu; column 4, lines 1-3). It would have been obvious for one skilled in the art at

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the time of the invention to separate the bit lines from the bottom of the well layer which supports the capacitor structure for the purpose, for example, of protecting the word lines from damage during the making of the capacitor regions.

In re claims 49, 50, 52 and 53, Kwok discloses the devices of claims 38 and 42 respectively, but does not expressly disclose the thickness of the silicon nitride layer (120). Tu discloses a similar silicon nitride layer (13) having a minimum thickness of 100 angstroms (column 4, lines 20-23). Tu discloses the range of claims 49 and 52 but does not expressly disclose the range comprising 50 to 70 angstroms. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to decrease the thickness of the silicon nitride layer since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233. Decreasing the thickness of the silicon nitride layer would contribute to the overall goal of making the semiconductor device smaller, such that more devices could be configured per unit wafer.

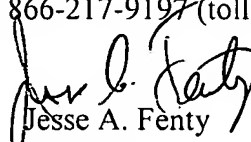
### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jesse A. Fenty whose telephone number is 571-272-1729. The examiner can normally be reached on 5/4-9 1st Fri. Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Thomas can be reached on 571-272-1664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

  
Jesse A. Fenty  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2815